

Double Minority Challenge

The role of Social Educators in work with Persons with Disabilities of an Immigrant Background

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Immigrant

Social Educator



Immigrant

Social Educator

Mother of a child with disability



Can you remember a time when you worked with someone from a different cultural background than your own?

What was challenging?

What was rewarding?



Double Minority Challenge

Where a <u>person with disability</u> is also an <u>immigrant</u> but the system is providing services based on only one factor

Challenges of persons with disabilities of an immigrant background and their families





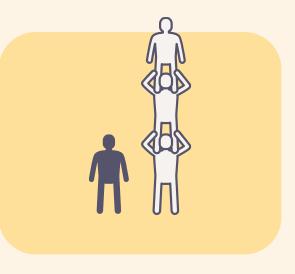


Language barriers

Difficulty in communication

Direct impact on the quality of life

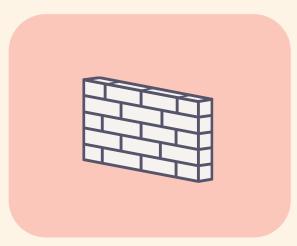




Lack of support

Families are isolated and without support from family and friends. The importance of community





Lack of information

Difficulty with finding accessible, easy-to-read information





Cultural differences

Disability considered a matter of shame or witchcraft in some cultures





Social and economic situations

Financial concerns, housing problems, unstable employment situation, shift work



How can we respond to these challenges



Accessible information in many languages

Providing simple and clear information, multilingual content, visual presentation, utilising audio and video





Active listening and support

Allow time for communication, use interpreter services if needed

Listen – Ask – Understand

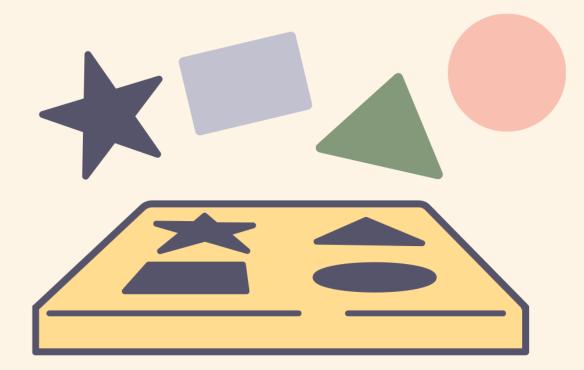




Support Social Connections

Parental groups, peer support groups, connections with others in similar situations

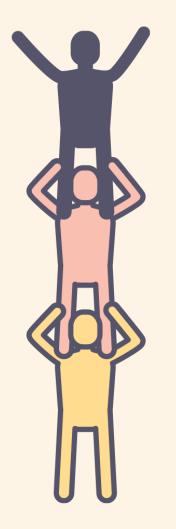




Ongoing education

Training in diversity and inclusion, prejudice awareness





Collaboration is key

Interdisciplinary cooperation between schools, health services and social services

Family-centered services



What barriers do you think a person with disability of an immigrant background might face in your country or context? What role can a social educator play in reducing these barriers?

Case Study 1

Ali is an 8-year-old boy from Syria who recently moved with his family to Northern Europe. He has been diagnosed with autism and struggles with sensory overload and communication.

His parents speak little of the local language and do not fully understand the school or healthcare system.

The family feels overwhelmed and isolated. At school, Ali is often alone, and his teacher is unsure how to support him.

The family has had no contact with disability support services.

Questions

- 1. What are the key challenges or barriers the child and family face?
- 2. What kind of support might the family need (practical, emotional, systemic)?
- 3. What could a social educator do in this situation?
 - At school?
 - With the family?
 - In the broader system?
- 4. What would be important to consider culturally or ethically?



Case Study 2

Sara is a 16-year-old girl with cerebral palsy who uses a wheelchair. Her family moved from Lithuania five years ago.

Sara is fluent in the local language, but her parents still struggle with reading official documents and forms.

Sara is finishing compulsory school and wants to continue her education, but she and her family are unsure about her rights and the support available. Her mother often misses meetings with school staff due to her job, and there has been miscommunication about accommodations.

Sara feels caught between two cultures and is anxious about her future.

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- 4. What would be important to consider culturally or ethically?











Thank You!

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